Appl. No. 09/477,910 Amdt. dated February 4, 2004 Reply to Office Action of November 18, 2003

## In the Claims

Please amend claims 1-18 as follows:

- 1. (currently amended) An echo/near-end-crosstalk cancellation system for a bidirectional data communications system comprising:
  - a first finite impulse response [[(FIR)]] filter;
- a second [[FIR]] <u>finite impulse response</u> filter coupled to the first [[FIR]] <u>finite impulse</u> response filter;
- a data partitioning means for partitioning a data signal comprising echo/near-end-crosstalk components such that a first portion of a partitioned data signal is processed by the first [[FIR]] finite impulse response filter to provide a first filter output value, and a second portion of the partitioned data signal comprised of bits having a data size greater than the bit width of the first FIR filter are is processed by the second [[FIR]] finite impulse response filter to provide a second filter output value; and
- a combination means for subtracting the outputs of the first and second [[FIR]] <u>finite</u> <u>impulse response</u> filters from the data signal to provide echo/near-end-crosstalk [[(E/N)]] cancellation.
- 2. (currently amended) The system according to Claim 1, further comprising a control means for adjusting the plurality of first and second filter output values.
- 3. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the first [[FIR]]finite impulse response filter and the second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filter are each implemented as a separate integrated circuit.
- 4. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the first [[FIR]]finite impulse response filter is comprised of a plurality of filter elements.
- 5. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filter is comprised of a plurality of filter elements.
- 6. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the data partitioning means comprises a plurality of conductors for conducting the first portion of the data signal to the first [[FIR]]finite impulse response filter and the second portion of the data signal to the second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filter.
- 7. (currently amended) The system according to claim 6, wherein the first portion of the partitioned data signal is comprised of the least significant bits [[(LSBs)]] of the data signal and the second portion is comprised of the most significant bits [[(MSBs)]] of the data signal.

Appl. No. 09/477,910 Amdt. dated February 4, 2004 Reply to Office Action of November 18, 2003

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- 8. (currently amended) The system according to claim 6, wherein the first portion of the partitioned data signal negates a first portion of an [[E/N]]echo/near-end-crosstalk signal generated as a result of the transmission of the data signal.
- 9. (currently amended) The system according to claim 8, wherein the second portion of the partitioned data signal negates a second portion of an [[E/N]]echo/near-end-crosstalk signal generated as a result of the transmission of the data signal, wherein the second portion of the [[E/N]]echo/near-end-crosstalk signal is not included in the first portion.
- 10. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the first and second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filters are adaptive type filters.
- 11. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the first and second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filters are non-adaptive type filters.
- 12. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the first and second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filters are digital filters.
- 13. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein both the first and second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filters are configured identically in direct form.
- 14. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein both the first and second [[FIR]]<u>finite impulse response</u> filters are configured identically in transpose form.
- 15. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the first and second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filters are configured differently, with one being in direct form and the other being in transpose form.
- 16. (currently amended) The system according to claim 2, wherein the control means for adjusting the plurality of first and second filter output values comprises a multi-tap delay line including a plurality of taps, wherein at least one programmable delay line is interposed between two of the plurality of taps.
- 17. (currently amended) The system according to claim 2, wherein the control means for adjusting each of the plurality of <u>first and second</u> filter output values comprises at least one holding register in each [[FIR]]<u>finite impulse response</u> filter for implementing a unique one of a plurality of adaptive delays.
- 18. (currently amended) The system according to claim 1, wherein the first and second [[FIR]]finite impulse response filters filter the data signal using either fixed or floating point numbers.
- 19. (original) A method for partitioning data words in an echo/near-end-crosstalk cancellation circuit for a communications system, comprising the steps of:
- determining a first bit resolution from a predetermined number of a plurality of echo/near-end-crosstalk (E/N) signals having a lowest amplitude;

Appl. No. 09/477,910 Amdt. dated February 4, 2004 Reply to Office Action of November 18, 2003

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7 8 determining a second bit resolution by subtracting the first bit resolution from a bit resolution of a single signal from a plurality of E/N signals having a highest amplitude; and

partitioning the plurality of E/N signals such that a first portion is processed by a first FIR filter having a data path identical to the first bit resolution, and a second portion comprised of bits having a data size exceeding the bit width of the first FIR filter is processed by a second FIR filter having a data path identical to the second bit resolution.

- 20. (original) The method according to claim 19, wherein the predetermined number of signals comprises a majority of the plurality of E/N signals.
- 21. (original) The method according to claim 20, wherein the predetermined number of signals comprises three quarters of the plurality of E/N signals.
- 22. (original) A method for partitioning a data signal, comprising the steps of:
  determining from a plurality of echo/near-end-crosstalk (E/N) signals a maximum bit
  resolution associated with a single signal having a highest amplitude;

selecting a first FIR filter and a second FIR filter each having a bit resolution equal to at least half of the maximum bit resolution; and

partitioning the plurality of E/N signals such that a first portion is processed by the first FIR filter, and a second portion comprised of bits having a data size greater than the bit width of the first FIR filter are processed by the second FIR filter.